



**OVERSEAS
STUDY TOUR
2019**

USEFUL TERMS in BAHASA INDONESIA



2:



SIMPLE SALUTATION

You can start talking to people using this simple salutation

Good morning =
Selamat Pagi

Good afternoon
= Selamat sore

Please = Tolong
Sorry = Maaf



Hi = Halo

Good night =
Selamat malam

Thank you =
Terima kasih

HI, MY NAME IS

Now let's make some new friends....



Hi, my name is
(Halo, namaku)

I come from Japan
(Aku datang dari Jepang)

Nice to meet you
(Senang berkenalan
denganmu)

3:



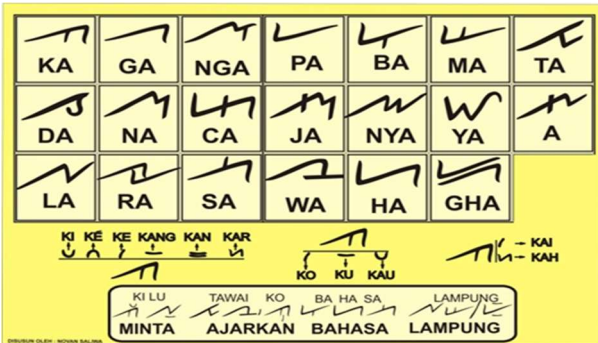
DO YOU KNOW INDONESIA?



INDONESIA is an **archipelago** that has more than 17,000 islands. Although there are many cultures in Indonesia, everyone can speak the national language, Bahasa Indonesia.

Indonesia has been among the top 5 coffee producer in the world (by 2018) and Lampung is one of the coffee centers in Indonesia.

Lampung is the name of a **province** located in Sumatra Island, Indonesia. People in Lampung speak Bahasa Indonesia and Bahasa Lampung.



On the left side, you can see Aksara Lampung (Lampung Letters) that is based from Pallawa letters of South India. You can still see it on the street name sign used by **localities**.

Archipelago = a group of islands; Localities = an area of neighborhood
 Province = a division of a country (similar to prefecture in Japan)

4:



GUESS THE BODY PARTS

Gajah

(Elephant)

FUN FACTS

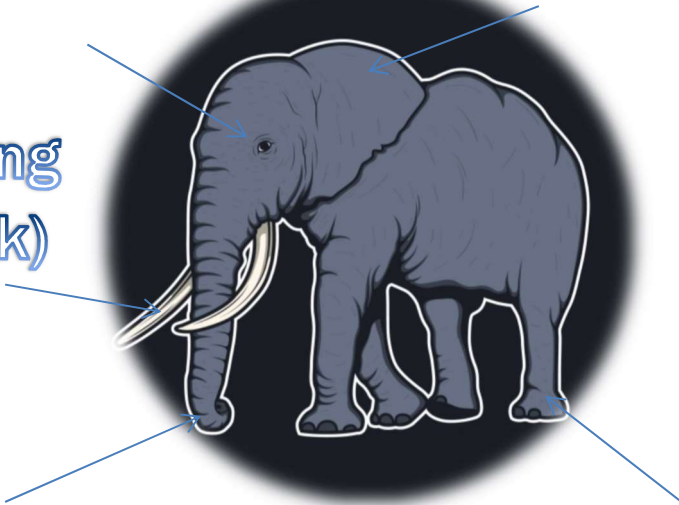
With a latin name *Elephas Maximus Sumatranus*, Sumatera Elephant is a subspecies of Asian Elephant. Among its kind, male Sumatera Elephant has shorter tusks compare to the others, while the female one has the shortest one.

It can weight between 4-6 ton with a maximum height of 2.6 meter and can lived until 70 years old.

M__a (Eye)

Teli__a (Ear)

Ga_ing
(Tusk)



B__l__ai (Trunk)

Kak_ (Foot)

5:



HI, I'M IN INDONESIA

A: Hi, how are you? (**Halo, apa kabar?**)

B: Hi, I'm fine. Where are you now?

(**Halo, kabar baik. Lagi dimana sekarang?**)

A: I'm in Indonesia now (**Aku lagi di Indonesia sekarang**)

B: What time is it there? (**Jam berapa di sana?**)

A: It is 8.00 in the morning (**Jam delapan pagi**)

B: Wow...so early (**Wah, pagi sekali**)

A: Yes, because we will visit the coffee farm today.

(**Ya, karena kami akan pergi ke kebun kopi hari ini**)

B: Ok, enjoy your trip then.

(**OK, selamat menikmati perjalanan ya**)

A: Thank you (**Terima kasih**)



I'M HUNGRY



A: It's time for lunch now. (**Waktunya makan siang sekarang.**)

B: Yes, it is. It's 12.00 now and I'm hungry.

(**Ya, benar. Sekarang jam 12 dan aku lapar**)

A: What do you want to eat? (**Mau makan apa?**)

B: I want to eat hamburger (**Aku ingin makan hamburger**)

A: Let's go then (**Ayo pergi kalau begitu**)

B: Aah...but I have to go to toilet first (**Ah...tapi aku harus pergi ke toilet dahulu**)

A: That's OK, I will wait for you.

(**Tidak apa-apa, aku akan menunggumu**)

B: Thank you. Just wait for a moment

(**Terima kasih. Tunggu sebentar ya**)

6:



IT'S TIME FOR FOOD!

In Indonesia, most people eat rice as their main dish. There are two common ways of eating: with spoon and fork or by hands.

Don't forget to wash your hands before eating...!



To eat	= makan
To steam	= kukus
To Fry, fried	= goreng
To boil	= rebus
Rice	= nasi
Vegetables	= sayuran
Meat	= daging
Food	= makanan
Drinks (n)	= minuman

Allergy	= alergi
Dislike	= tidak suka

Example:

I'm **allergic** to **(name of food)**

Aku **alergi** terhadap

7:



CAN YOU COUNT IT...?

1 = Satu

2 = Dua

3 = Tiga

4 = Empat

5 = Lima

6 = Enam

7 = Tujuh

8 = Delapan

9 = Sembilan

10 = Sepuluh

11 = Sebelas

100 = Seratus

1000 = Seribu

10,000 = Sepuluh ribu

Guess the numbers:

Lima belas = _____

Delapan ribu = _____

Tiga puluh = _____

Enam puluh ribu = _____

Dua ratus = _____

When shopping, you can use the following words:

- Apa ini? *What is **this**?*

- Apa itu? *What is **that**?*

- Berapa harganya? *How much is **this**?*

8:



ALL ABOUT COFFEE

Coffee = **kopi**
Coffee beans = **biji kopi**
To harvest = **memanen**

To grind = **menggiling**
To roast = **memanggang**



Did you know?

Indonesia is among the top 5 biggest coffee producers in the world. And one of the most expensive coffee is coming from Indonesia, namely “Kopi Luwak” which is sold almost \$700 per kilogram (**BBC.com**).

Lampung also produce the finest Robusta coffee and have been cooperating with Nescafe to distribute their signature Lampung coffee within Indonesia since 1978.

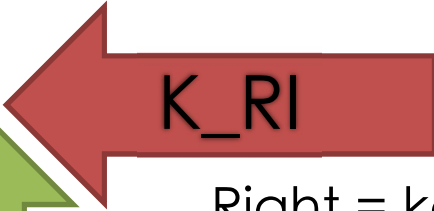
(**GoodNewsFromIndonesia.id**)



9:



WHERE AM I?



Right = kanan

Left = kiri

Up = atas

Down = bawah

Front = depan

Back = belakang

In, on, at = di

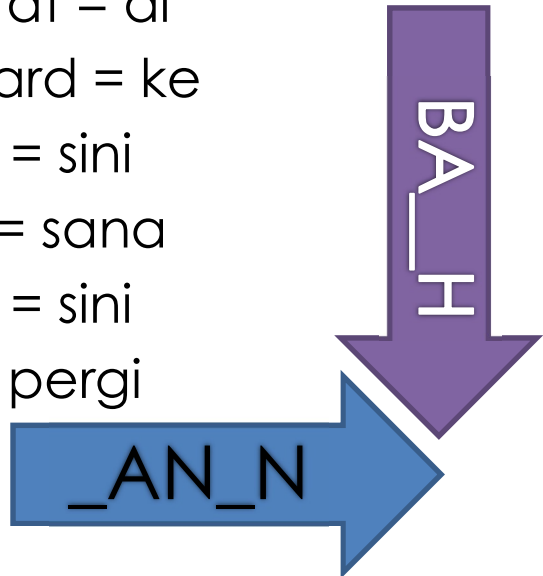
To, toward = ke

Here = sini

There = sana

Here = sini

Go = pergi



10:



MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION



ANGKUTAN KOTA



SEPEDA



SEPEDA MOTOR



MOBIL



BIS

11:



INDONESIA'S RELIGION DIVERSITY

There are 6 religions in Indonesia that are well-known by the people and admitted by the government. They are **Islam**, **Christian Protestant**, **Christian Catholic**, **Hindu**, **Budha**, and **Confucian**. But Indonesia is often described as the biggest **Muslim** country in the world, with 85% of the people identifying themselves as Muslim.

Despite the differences, Indonesian people live in harmony and respect each other's belief.

PLACES OF WORSHIP IN INDONESIA



Church = Gereja
(Christian)



Mosque = Masjid
(Islam)



Temple = Klenteng
(Confucian)



Pura = Temple (Hindu)



Vihara = Monastery (Budha)

12:



IN CASE OF EMERGENCY

I am hurt = **saya luka**

I am sick = **saya sakit**

I fell down = **saya jatuh**

Stomachache = **sakit
perut**

Headache = **sakit
kepala**

Toothache = **sakit gigi**

Swollen = **bengkak**

Bruises = **memar**

Blood = **darah**

Itchy = **gatal**

Medicine = **obat**

Band aid = **plester**

